

# ImplementingHibernateLongSessions

## Implementing the Hibernate long-session-pattern

Being asked about how to use long hibernate sessions with Hivemind a couple of times on the Tapestry-Users-List - Here is what I did:

### Overview

Basically all one needs to accomplish this is

- a persistence service which I called [ClientStateStorage](#). It can be provided with an http session as the underlying storage mechanism for production (via a servlet filter). Otherwise it uses a simple Map for testing.
- a service-model extending [AbstractServiceModelImpl](#) which works much like the [PooledServiceModel](#), the differences being firstly, that it comes with a different lifecycle and, secondly that it doesn't store service-implementations in a pool common to all clients but in the aforementioned [ClientStateStorage](#).

### Implementation

Here is the hivemodule.xml making the new service-model available to other modules. As well, it provides a very simple schema to configure the Hibernate Session Factory.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<module id="scm.hivemind" version="1.0.0"
        package="scm.hivemind.statefulservice">

  <contribution configuration-id="hivemind.ServiceModels">
    <service-model class="StatefulServiceModelFactory"
                    name="stateful" />
  </contribution>

  <service-point id="ClientStateStorage">
    <invoke-factory model="pooled">
      <construct class="ClientStateStorageImpl" />
    </invoke-factory>
  </service-point>

  <schema id="HibernateSessionFactory">
    <element name="property">
      a hibernate property
      <attribute name="name" required="true">
        the property name
      </attribute>
      <attribute name="value">
        the value ( as in config.hbm.xml without the leading "hibernate." )
      </attribute>
      <conversion class="scm.hivemind.hibernate.HibernateProperty" />
    </element>
    <element name="config-xml">
      the hibernate config.xml File
      <attribute name="name" required="true">
        the name of the config.xml file
      </attribute>
      <conversion class="scm.hivemind.hibernate.HibernateConfigFile" />
    </element>
  </schema>

</module>
```

### Java-Code

Here's the Java Code:

#### Client-State-Store

- [ClientStateStorage](#)

- [ClientStateStorageImpl](#)
- [StateStorageClearanceListener](#)
- [StatefulHivemindFilter](#)

### service-model stuff

- [StatefulServiceModel](#)
- [StatefulServiceModelFactory](#)
- [StatefulServiceLifecycleListener](#)

### the hibernate session-factory

- [HibernateSessionFactory](#)
- [HibernateProperty](#)
- [HibernateConfigFile](#)

## Usage

The following snippet from an applications hivemodule.xml shows how to configure long hibernate Session which then can be injected into the app-specific services.

```
<service-point id="DWKHibernateSession" interface="net.sf.hibernate.Session">
  The hibernate-session itself.
  <invoke-factory service-id="webkit.awk.DWKSessionFactory"
                  model="stateful" />
</service-point>

<configuration-point id="DWKSessionFactory"
                    schema-id="scm.hivemind.HibernateSessionFactory" />

<contribution configuration-id="DWKSessionFactory" >
  <config-xml name="/scm/extranet/domain/hibernate.cfg.xml" />
  <property name="dialect" value="net.sf.hibernate.dialect.OracleDialect" />
  <property name="cache.provider_class" value="net.sf.ehcache.hibernate.Provider" />
  <property name="cache.use_query_cache" value="true" />
</contribution>

<service-point id="DWKSessionFactory"
               interface="org.apache.hivemind.ServiceImplementationFactory">
  <invoke-factory model="singleton">
    <construct
      class="scm.hivemind.hibernate.HibernateSessionFactory"
      initialize-method="init">
        <configuration>DWKSessionFactory</configuration>
      </construct>
    </invoke-factory>
    <interceptor service-id="hivemind.LoggingInterceptor" />
  </service-point>
```

In a real web-application you would have to configure the [StatefulHivemindFilter](#) for your controller Servlet.

## Precautions

- Take care to avoid concurrent requests to your controller servlet (sync on the session or something)
- While the stuff will work on a cluster, it won't support transparent failover of sessions, because the Hivemind-Proxies don't serialize instance state.