

Lincolnm

Lucene [HitCollector](#) implementation with [FieldCache](#) to create document categorized searches with minimal impact to performance.

When creating a lucene search application, one common problem is create a categorized search with groupings count based on that categories. Suppose you want a search grouping documents found by a specific criteria. You have a list of articles, this articles has several fields (title, body, theme, date, keywords, and on). Now, you want to create a search over this articles list (materialized do a lucene index) and the search result must show a grouping count for every article found on every theme for all document set.

Using some specialization to default [HitCollector](#) implementation can be easily done, and will allow you to iterate over all document set. Iterate over all document set has a cost, but, in this case it's necessary due search requisit: create grouping counts for every theme found in a given search.

Access the disk, same using a [FieldSelector](#) it's not the best way because increase search response time due much more IO activity to read documents on index. One efficient way I found was iterate over all document set, but, instead of read all document from index (even using a [FieldSelector](#)), I read the theme information from [FieldCache](#) implementation. So, the query runs faster because no IO access is necessary!

Another problem I found was if an article has a multivalued field. The default [FieldCache](#) implementation returns the first field value, only. So, I created a specialized [FieldCache](#) in which a store the multivalued field as [TermFreqVector](#). YES and I used [IndexReader.getTermFreqVector\(doc\)](#) to read back the field array. During searcher creation - new [IndexSearcher](#)(reader) - I populate this special [FieldCache](#) and I used it directly from my [HitCollector](#).

My application is running on production environment since 01/Jan/2009 at address: <http://www.clicrbs.com.br/busca/rs> (portuguese site). So, a sample searching, grouping and creating paging can be found like this: <http://www.clicrbs.com.br/busca/rs?c=-1&q=tipo%3Amaterias&t=2009> (end user mode) <http://www.clicrbs.com.br/busca/rs?c=-1&debug=true&q=tipo%3Amaterias&t=2009> (debug mode with elapsed time)