

# Publishing a Release

The release process follows in general the [Apache guidelines for Release-Publishing](#). When migrating from svn to git the released versions went into git tags - this is fine, but remember, that to be able to have a maintenance releases you could easily create a new release branch. For a new release a tag could be created containing 'candidate', which will be later (after successfull voting) be deleted and renamed (see below).

Find another helpful description of some details of the process [here](#) (dbo release instructions).

## Git Repositories

- Check with

### Locale Git environment check

```
git config -l
```

that **user.email** is the **apache.org** user e-mail address.

- **Prepare a RC for voting:** Start the Maven Release Process. Assert that you are on the **master/trunk/main branch** (check with git status or git branch)! Following we assume as an example performing a release **turbine-parent** pom component. Maven release:prepare adds by default **a tag** <project-artifact>-<version> = turbine-parent-9. We may want to add to the tag name a postfix "**-candidate**". If the voting process is done, and it is successfull, we have to rename the tag or if we want rather to have a *branch*, we name this new branch exactly like the released component to avoid to have a duplicate tag name (which is actually just a named commit). In this case we would keep the candidate tag name or delete it at all (you may want to check all of this with -DdryRun=true).

### Maven Release

```
mvn release:prepare -Papache-release -Dtag=turbine-parent-9-candidate
// N.B. mvn release:branch seems not very appropriate,
mvn release:perform
```

Find more details about maven release for *multi module projects* [here](#) (Fulcrum Build)

- **After voting is successfull, do one of the following steps:**

- **Rename tag for Fulcrum Component foo**

### Rename git tag after voting

```
git checkout <foo>-<version>-candidate
// .. output ..
Note: switching to '<foo>-<version>-candidate'.
You are in 'detached HEAD' state. ., ,

// local: add new tag name
git tag <foo>-<version><foo>-<version>

// delete locally candidate tag
git tag -d <foo>-<version>-candidate

// remote: two in one
// add new tag and delete old tag (colon prefix is a shortcut for delete)
git push origin <foo>-<version> :<foo>-<version>-candidate
// .. output ..
// To https://gitbox.apache.org/repos/asf/<foo>.git
// - [deleted]          <foo>-<version>-candidate
// * [new tag]         <foo>-<version> -> <foo>-<version>

// others have to do this also
git pull --prune --tags origin master
```

- or **Create a release branch** a We assume, that the release is created from the master/main/trunk branch and a release branch will be created later for a maintenance release. **Explicit git commands for this (with checks):**

### Release branch

```
git branch -a
git tag -l
// tag name = turbine-parent-<version>-candidate
git checkout turbine-parent-<version>-candidate
// create a branch from tag commit
git checkout -b turbine-parent-<version>
git push -u origin turbine-parent-<version>
```