

# WorkingWithGeneratedDatabaseKeys

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The RDB DAS provides the ability to work with [database generated keys](#). A piece of configuration information, typically via a configuration XML file, is used to indicate to the DAS that a column value is generated by the database. This piece of information is necessary when new rows are inserted to the database since the DAS will generate an INSERT statement that does not include the generated column.

The following example illustrates the use of generated keys with the DAS:

```
DAS das = DAS.FACTORY.createDAS(getConfig("CompanyConfig.xml"), getConnection());
Command select = das.getCommand("all companies");
DataObject root = select.executeQuery();

// Create a new Company
DataObject company = root.createDataObject("COMPANY");
//Initialize properties of the new company
company.setString("NAME", "Do-rite Pest Control");

// Flush changes
das.applyChanges(root);

// Inspect the id
Integer id = (Integer) company.get("ID");
```

The first line creates a DAS instance from the factory passing it a stream over the file "CompanyConfig.xml". Here are the contents of that file:

```
<Config xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://org.apache.tuscany.das.rdb/config.xsd" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">

    <Command name="all companies" SQL="select * from COMPANY" kind="Select"/>

    <Table tableName="COMPANY">
        <Column columnName="ID" primaryKey="true" generated="true"/>
    </Table>

</Config>
```

Note that only the 'ID' column is specified in the file since this is the only column we need to attach any information to. Notice also that when the new Company instance is created, no value is assigned to the 'ID' property since this value will be supplied by the database when the insert operation is performed.

As part of the "apply changes" processing, the DAS will propagate the database-supplied key values back to the respective DataObjects in the graph. The purpose of this is to make the values available to the application if needed.

This simple example only demonstrates the insertion of a flat graph of data since the graph consists only of Company instances. But, the DAS is capable of more complex scenarios. The DAS can also handle graphs of related DataObjects each with generated columns.