

# TroubleShooting

Some problems encountered in Hadoop and ways to go about solving them. See also [NameNodeFailover](#) and [ConnectionRefused](#).

## NameNode startup fails

### Exception when initializing the filesystem

```
ERROR org.apache.hadoop.dfs.NameNode: java.io.EOFException
    at java.io.DataInputStream.readFully(DataInputStream.java:178)
    at org.apache.hadoop.io.UTF8.readFields(UTF8.java:106)
    at org.apache.hadoop.io.ArrayWritable.readFields(ArrayWritable.java:90)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSEditLog.loadFSEdits(FSEditLog.java:433)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSImage.loadFSEdits(FSImage.java:759)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSImage.loadFSImage(FSImage.java:639)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSImage.recoverTransitionRead(FSImage.java:222)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSDirectory.loadFSImage(FSDirectory.java:79)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSNamesystem.initialize(FSNamesystem.java:254)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.FSNamesystem.<init>(FSNamesystem.java:235)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.NameNode.initialize(NameNode.java:131)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.NameNode.<init>(NameNode.java:176)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.NameNode.<init>(NameNode.java:162)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.NameNode.createNameNode(NameNode.java:846)
    at org.apache.hadoop.dfs.NameNode.main(NameNode.java:855)
```

This is sometimes encountered if there is a corruption of the

```
edits
```

file in the transaction log. Try using a hex editor or equivalent to open up 'edits' and get rid of the last record. In all cases, the last record might not be complete so your [NameNode](#) is not starting. Once you update your edits, start the [NameNode](#) and run

```
hadoop fsck /
```

to see if you have any corrupt files and fix/get rid of them.

Take a back up of

```
dfs.name.dir
```

before updating and playing around with it.

## Client cannot talk to filesystem

### Network Error Messages

- [BindException](#)
- [ConnectionRefused](#)
- [EOFException](#)
- [NoRouteToHost](#)
- [SocketTimeout](#)
- [UnknownHost](#)

### Error message: Could not get block locations. Aborting...

There are a number of possible of causes for this.

- The [NameNode](#) may be overloaded. Check the logs for messages that say "discarding calls..."
- There may not be enough (any) [DataNode](#) nodes running for the data to be written. Again, check the logs.
- Every [DataNode](#) on which the blocks were stored might be down (or not connected to the [NameNode](#); it is impossible to distinguish the two).

### Error message: Could not obtain block

Your logs contain something like

```
INFO hdfs.DFSCClient: Could not obtain block blk_-4157273618194597760_1160 from any node:
java.io.IOException: No live nodes contain current block
```

There are no live [DataNode](#) nodes containing a copy of the block of the file you are looking for. Bring up any nodes that are down, or skip that block.

## Reduce hangs

This can be a DNS issue. Two problems which have been encountered in practice are:

- Machines with multiple NICs. In this case, set

```
dfs.datanode.dns.interface
```

(in

```
hdfs-site.xml
```

) and

```
mapred.datanode.dns.interface
```

(in

```
mapred-site.xml
```

) to the name of the network interface used by Hadoop (something like

```
eth0
```

under Linux),

- Badly formatted or incorrect hosts and DNS files (

```
/etc/hosts
```

and {

```
/etc/resolv.conf
```

under Linux) can wreak havoc. Any DNS problem will hobble Hadoop, so ensure that names can be resolved correctly.

## Error message saying a file "Could only be replicated to 0 nodes instead of 1"

(or any similar number such as "2 nodes instead of 3")

See [CouldOnlyBeReplicatedTo](#)

## Client unable to connect to server, "Server not available"

See [ServerNotAvailable](#).

## Error message : Too Many Open Files on client or server

See [TooManyOpenFiles](#)